

# Springer Guidelines for Authors of Proceedings

First Author<sup>1</sup>{0000-1111-2222-3333}, Second Author<sup>1</sup>{1111-2222-3333-4444}, and Third Author<sup>2</sup>{2222-3333-4444-5555}

<sup>1</sup>Affiliation, Town/City, Country  
firstname.secondname@springernature.com

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## 1 Introduction

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## 2 Preparation of Your Paper

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The volume editors, usually the program chairs, will be your main points of contact for the preparation of the volume.

### 2.1 Structuring Your Paper

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**Table 1.** Font sizes of headings. Table captions should always be positioned *above* the tables.

Heading level	Example	Font size and style
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Title (centered)	<b>Lecture Notes</b>	14 point, bold
1 <sup>st</sup> -level heading	<b>1 Introduction</b>	12 point, bold
2 <sup>nd</sup> -level heading	<b>2.1 Printing Area</b>	10 point, bold
3 <sup>rd</sup> -level heading	<b>Run-in Heading in Bold.</b> Text follows	10 point, bold
4 <sup>th</sup> -level heading	<i>Lowest Level Heading.</i> Text follows	10 point, italic

Words joined by a hyphen are subject to a special rule. If the first word can stand alone, the second word should be capitalized.

Here are some examples of headings: “Criteria to Disprove Context-Freeness of Collage Languages”, “On Correcting the Intrusion of Tracing Non-deterministic Programs by Software”, “A User-Friendly and Extendable Data Distribution System”, “Multi-flip Networks: Parallelizing GenSAT”, “Self-determinations of Man”.

**Lemmas, Propositions, and Theorems.** The numbers accorded to lemmas, propositions, and theorems, etc. should appear in consecutive order, starting with Lemma 1. Please do not include section counters in the numbering like “Theorem 1.1”.

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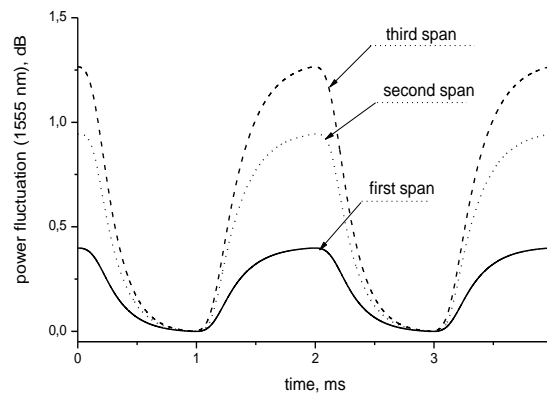
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## 2.4 Page Numbering and Running Heads

There is no need to include page numbers or running heads; this will be done at our end. If your paper title is too long to serve as a running head, it will be shortened. Your suggestion as to how to shorten it would be most welcome.

## 2.5 Figures and Tables

It is essential that all illustrations are clear and legible. Vector graphics (rather than rasterized images) should be used for diagrams and schemas whenever possible. Please check that the lines in line drawings are not interrupted and have a constant width. Grids and details within the figures must be clearly legible and may not be written one on top of the other. Line drawings are to have a resolution of at least 800 dpi (preferably 1200 dpi). The lettering in figures should not use font sizes smaller than 6 pt (~ 2 mm character height). Figures are to be numbered and to have a caption which should always be positioned under the figures, in contrast to the caption belonging to a table, which should always appear above the table. Figures and Tables should be cross referred in the text.



**Fig. 1.** Power distribution of channel at 1555 nm along the link of 383 km (Source: LNCS 5412, p. 323)

Captions are set in 9-point type. If they are short, they are centered between the margins. Longer captions, covering more than one line, are justified. Captions that do not constitute a full sentence, do not have a period.

If screenshots are necessary, please make sure that the essential content is clear to the reader.

*Remark 1.* In the printed volumes, illustrations are generally black and white (half-tones). Colored pictures are welcome in the electronic version free of charge. If you send colored figures that are to be printed in black and white, please make sure that they really are also legible in black and white. Some colors show up very poorly when printed in black and white.

## 2.6 Formulae

Displayed equations or formulae are centered and set on a separate line (with an extra line or half line space above and below). Equations should be numbered for reference.

The numbers should be consecutive within the contribution, with numbers enclosed in parentheses and set on the right margin. Please do not include section counters in the numbering. If you are using Word, please use the Math function of Word 2007, Word 2010 or Word 2013, or MathType or the Microsoft Equation Editor with Word 2003, to create your equations, and insert the math objects in your Word document in an editable format through MathType or MsWord equation editors.

$$x + y = z \quad (1)$$

Equations should be punctuated in the same way as ordinary text.

## 2.7 Footnotes

The superscript numeral used to refer to a footnote appears in the text either directly after the word to be discussed or – in relation to a phrase or a sentence – following the punctuation mark (comma, semicolon, or period).<sup>1</sup>

For remarks pertaining to the title or the authors' names, in the header of a paper, symbols should be used instead of a number (see first page of this document). Please note that no footnotes may be included in the abstract.

## 2.8 Program Code

Program listings or program commands in the text are normally set in typewriter font:

```
program Inflation (Output)
  {Assuming annual inflation rates of 7%, 8%, and
  10%,...  years};
  const  MaxYears = 10;
  var    Year: 0..MaxYears;
         Factor1, Factor2, Factor3: Real;
begin
  Year := 0;
  Factor1 := 1.0; Factor2 := 1.0; Factor3 := 1.0;
  WriteLn('Year 7% 8% 10%'); WriteLn;
  repeat
    Year := Year + 1;
```

[Excerpt from an example of a computer program from Jensen K., Wirth N.: Pascal User Manual and Report. Springer, New York (1991)]

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<sup>1</sup> The footnote numeral is set flush left and the text follows with the usual word spacing.

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- Single citation: [9]
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- If an author's name is used in the text: Miller [9] was the first ...

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## References (in MathPhySci, to be used for computer science proceedings)

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